DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY

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NATO Concern of Scarcity of Materials in Military Systems

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DLA Strategic Materials

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Agenda

- Issues
- NATO Research & Development
- Material Use and Origin
- AVT-196 Progress









Concern

- In 2009 NATO identified significant material supply chain vulnerabilities with potential impact on vehicle parts/components
- Exploratory team recommended a full Working Group effort
- Similar and parallel concerns raised in U.S.
- Material shortages lead to production delays or stoppage & security threats

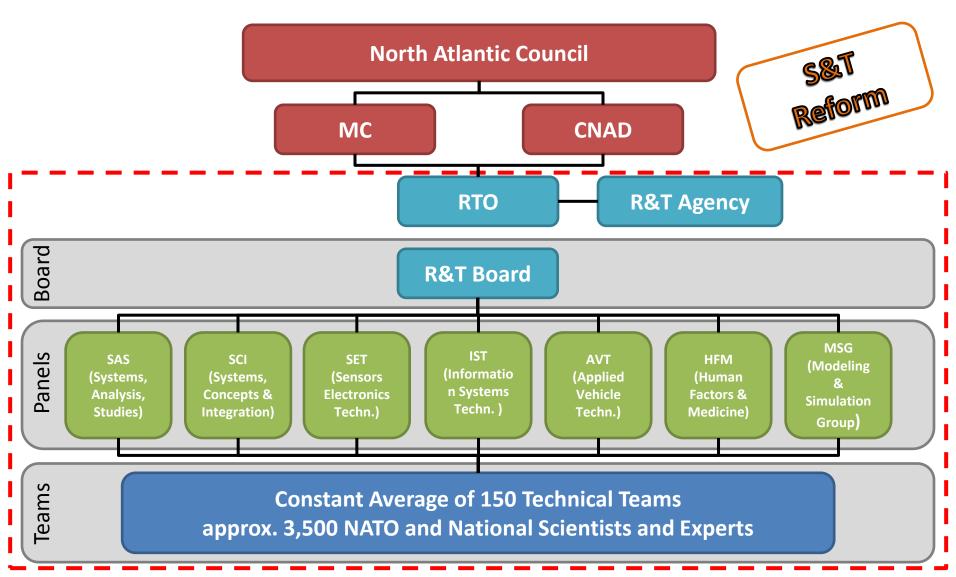


Nations Involved in NATO Research & Technology Organisation (RTO)

- NATO countries: ALB, BEL, BGR, CAN, CZE, DNK, EST, FRA, LVA, LTU, LUX*, NLD, NOR, POL, PRT, ROM, SVK, DEU, GRC, HUN, ISL*, ITA, SVN, ESP, TUR, GBR, and USA
 - * denotes countries not participating in RTO activities.
- Additional Partners
 - PfP: ARM, AUT, AZE, BLR, BIH, FIN, FYR, GEO, IRL, KAZ, KGZ, MLT, MDA, MNE, RUS, SRB, SWE, CHE, TJK, TKM, UKR, UZB
 - MD: DZA,EGY, ISR, JOR, MRT, MAR, TUN
 - GLOBAL PARTNERS: AFG, AUS, IRQ, JPN, KOR, NZL, PAK



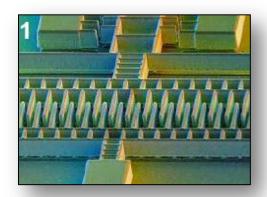
Research and Technology Organization - Today

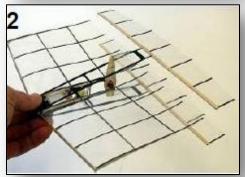


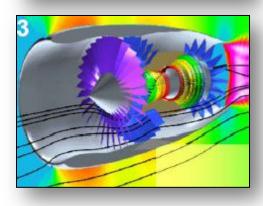
Of the seven panels, only AVT conducts semi-annual Panel Business Meetings and has done so for 14 years.



Technology Areas in AVT







1. Mechanical Systems, Structures, and Materials

 vehicle and platform design; structural loads and dynamics; noise and vibration control; smart and multifunctional materials and structures; structural materials and manufacturing processes; non-structural materials; corrosion, fatigue and other degradation mechanisms; affordability, availability, survivability and supportability; reliability and maintenance

2. Performance, Stability & Control, Fluid Physics

 performance; stability and control; aerodynamic and hydrodynamic analysis and design; theoretical, experimental and computational fluid dynamics; aerothermodynamics; aero-and hydro-acoustics; aeroservoelastics

3. Propulsion and Power Systems

- focusing on engineering of propulsion systems; fuels and energy conversion; fluid and gas dynamics
- Addressing airbreathing engines, auxiliary onboard power generation units, solid and liquid propellant rockets, electrical systems, and fire protection and suppression



AVT-196 Impact of Scarcity of Materials in Military Mechanical, Structural, Propulsion, and Power Systems

- Members from USA, GBR, CAN, FRA, DEU, NLD, ITA, and TUR project an official start date of Jan 2012, end of Oct 2014
- Due to the importance, unofficial start May 2011 with follow-on Oct 2011
- Deliverable is NATO technical report, NATO NU, and possibly a workshop



AVT-196 Impact on Scarcity of Material Availability in Military Systems

Why the Concern?

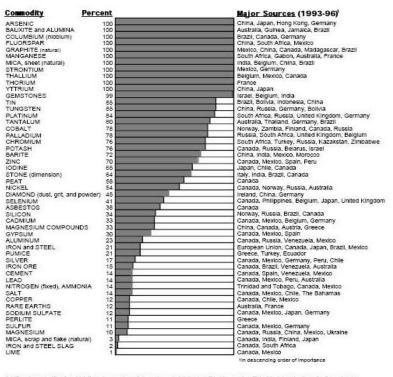
- Supply chain vulnerabilities and foreign supply
 - -China and Rare Earths
 - -Africa and conflict minerals
- Declining budgets and emphasis maintaining systems
- Production delays or non-availability

National Security Jeopardized



US Reliance on Imports is Expanding at an Accelerated Rate

1997 U.S. NET IMPORT RELIANCE FOR SELECTED NONFUEL MINERAL MATERIALS



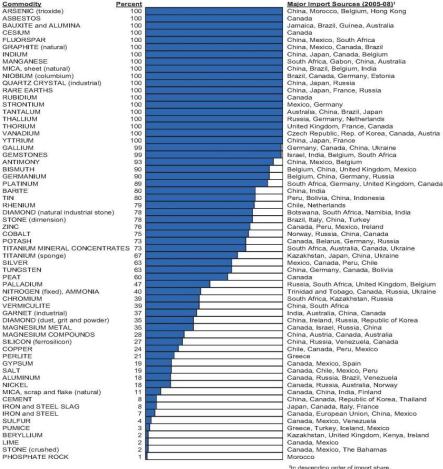
Additional commodities for which there is some import dependency but data are withheld or are insufficient to determine import-reliance levels:

Antimony China, Mexico, Boilvia, Bouch Africa Bismuth Mexico, Belgium, China, United Kingdom, Canada Germanium Imenite Indium China, Belgium, China, China, Belgium, Ukraine Jouth Africa, Australia, Ganada Ganada, Russia, France, Raiy, China

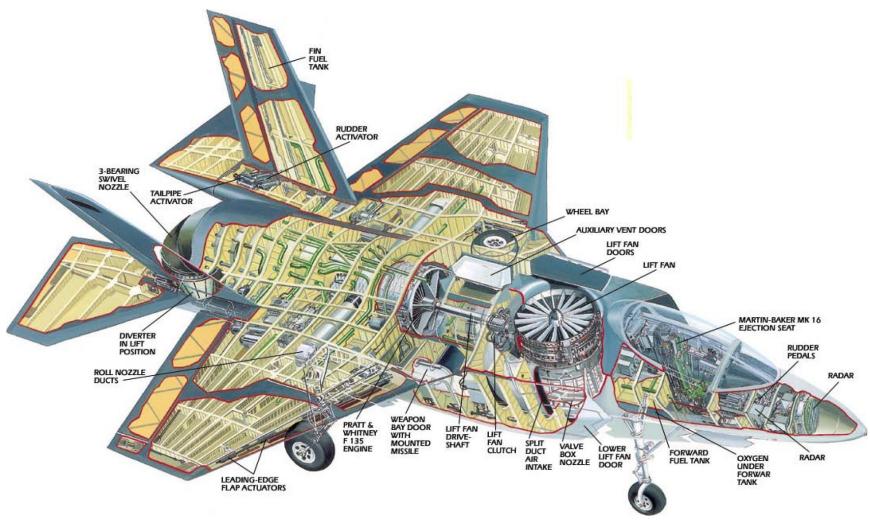
Rhenium Rutile Titanium (sponge) Vanadium (ferrovanadium) Vermicuite Zirconium Russia, Canada, Bpain, Kyrgyzstan Chile, Germany, Nehlerance, United Kingdom, Russia Australia, South Africa, Slems Leone Russia, Japan, China, Kazakstan Russia, Canada, Belglum, Austria Bouth Africa, China Australia, South Africa

from USGS Mineral Commodity Summaries

2009 U.S. NET IMPORT RELIANCE FOR SELECTED NONFUEL MINERAL MATERIALS







Strategic or critical materials used in virtually every part of aircraft



The 14 "EU Critical Materials" Are Essential for the Manufacture of Many Important Ground Vehicle Components and Systems





AVT-196 Progress

- Identify military vehicle examples and material content
 - Identify materials
 - Prioritize materials by use, availability
 - Assess impact of material non-availability on production
- Review/Analyze Global Supply Chains for vulnerable materials



AVT-196 Progress (continued)

- Develop mitigation strategies to include:
 - Alternate/new technologies
 - Substitute materials
 - Material buffer stocks or strategic sourcing
 - Limited stockpiling
- Provide recommendations



Advantages of Collaborative Effort

- U.S. and NATO share common concern
- Working Group represents an expanded and diversified technical base and expertise that benefits DoD and NATO
- Potential to partner to share key strategic/critical materials, common parts and components
- Potential to partner with allies to introduce additional projects of mutual interest



Future Meetings

- 2012 Spring meeting—San Diego, CA (completed)
- 2012 Fall meeting— France
- 2013 Spring meeting—Sweden
- 2013 Fall meeting—Latvia



Questions??

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